#### PROJECTS OF THE INSTITUTE OF MATERIALS SCIENCE

Project Title Investigation of the temperature and duration of sub-zero treatment on the

microstructure and properties of Cr-V tool steel

prof. Ing. Peter Jurči, PhD. Coordinator

Start Date 01/01/2017 End Date 31/12/2019 **VEGA Program** 

Annotation The main goal of the project is to determine the optimal temperature and

duration of sub-zero treatment with particular interest to get the best complex of microstructure and important properties of Cr-V ledeburitic steels. The second object of the interest is to determine a "window of properties improvement" e.g. the combination of sub-zero treatment and tempering temperatures where simultaneous improvement in strength and toughness can be achieved. A commercially available PM Cr-V ledeburitic tool steel will be used as experimental material. The effects of heat treatment variables such as the temperature and the duration of sub-zero treatment and tempering regimes, at constant regimes of the austenitizing and quenching, on such important characteristics like the microstructure, hardness, toughness, fracture toughness and wear resistance will be investigated. In the project, variety of investigation techniques will be utilized complementarily, which makes it possible to achieve the main goal of the project.

Project Title Preparation and characterization of the properties of new types of hard

coatings for tool materials

Coordinator prof. Ing. Ľubomír Čaplovič, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2015 31/12/2018 End Date VEGA **Program** 

Annotation The submitted project is aimed on development of new type superhard

coatings for tool materials with enhanced useful properties. The project is based on gathered knowledge about correlation of structural and stress relations in hard and superhard nitride coatings of transition metals in monolayer or multilayer system on in advanced prepared surface of substrate which is basically tool steel or cemented carbide. By application of two technological processes of creating functional coatings (cathodic arc evaporation and magnetron sputtering), deposition process and its effects of doping of additional interstitial elements (boron, carbon) will be analyzed as well as substitutional elements such as aluminium and silicon in order to achieve a nanocomposite morphology of these coatings.

Project Title Regularities of formation and thermodynamic stability of structurally complex phases in aluminium - or zinc-base alloys

Coordinator prof. Ing. Jozef Janovec, DrSc.

Start Date 01/01/2015 End Date 31/12/2018 Program VEGA

Annotation Both experimental and theoretical studies of phase diagrams related to

aluminium- or zinc-base alloys containing one or two transition elements and studies of thin films done of these alloys are attributed to the submitted project. The radiofrequency sputtering deposition combined partially with the

plasma immersion ion implantation will be used to prepare thin films.

#### Project Title Design and preparation of high-temperature superconducting tapes joints

using lead-free solders and characterization of their properties

Coordinator Dr. Ing. Marcela Pekarčíková

Start Date 01/01/2017 End Date 31/12/2020 Program VEGA

Annotation This project of fundamental research is aimed to design and preparation of

functional joints made of high-temperature superconducting tapes using lead-free solders based on tin or other low-melting elements. A conventional and induction soldering will be used for preparation of the joints and suitable parameters of joining process should be found by optimization methods. Development of microstructure, electrical and mechanical properties will be studied in prepared joints. Achieved results will be published in CC journals and

presented on world-level scientific conferences.

Project Title Diagnostics of special glasses with optimized ionic conductivity

Coordinator Mgr. Ondrej Bošák, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2017 End Date 31/12/2019 Program VEGA

Annotation The project is orientated on study of structure and physical properties of a new

special glasses systems based on chalcogenides and heavy metals oxides with a higher content of ionic bonds or higher concentration of alkali ions respectively. These special glasses will be designed for optoelectronic applications. There is possibly using these materials for solid electrolytes. From the professional point of view it is the study of changes in the glass structure generated by thechange of chemical composition, investigation of the preparation technology and effect of increased temperature and humidity. Changes in structure usually affect formation of a new phases, which can be monitored using electrical and optical methods. The aim of the project is a detailed description of the structure and properties of glasses enhanced by the results of the analysis of electrical and dielectric parameters.

### Project Title The effect of microstructure and phase composition on corrosion resistance of hot dip alloys

Coordinator doc. Ing. Martin Kusý, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2018 End Date 31/12/2021 Program VEGA

Program V Annotation T

The submitted project focuses on the detailed study of microstructure and phase composition of Zn and Al alloy for hot dip coatings. Microstructural characteristics, changes in phase composition, solid solution supersaturation and texture will be analyzed in relation to the resistance of the analyzed corrosion resistant alloys. The alloys will be prepared by rapid solidification processes in bulk, suitable for more complex microstructural analyzes, but also in the form of thin coatings made by dipping in molten alloys. The rapid solidification as an alloy preparation process was chosen because of the similarity with the hot-dipping processes on the continuous production lines. We study in detail the simple system based on the reactive diffusion couple Fe-Zn, which we describe in after equilibrium and non-equilibrium solidification via suitable thermodynamic models using the Calphad method. These will then be used to model the microstructure by the Phase Field method implemented in the Micress program.

#### Project Title Materials design of high-entropy alloys and their characterization

Coordinator RNDr. Pavol Priputen, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2018 End Date 31/12/2021 Program VEGA

Annotation

The goal of the work is to design and prepare series of high-entropy alloys in the form of bulk alloys, as well as thin films and to do basic characterization of their structure, phase constitution and properties. The bulk alloys will be prepared by arc and/or induction melting, while the thin films will be prepared by magnetron sputtering and ion implantation. For structure and phase constitution analysis, electron microscopy, x-ray diffraction, electron diffraction, and energy dispersive x-ray spectroscopy techniques will be used. Among the properties studied, the attention will be focused particularly on mechanical properties (hardness, toughness and strength), chemical properties (corrosion resistance), and physical properties (thermodynamic stability). The project is oriented on fundamental research with regard to practical applicability of the results achieved. Obtained findings will be published in in peer-reviewed journals from CC database and presented at international scientific conferences.

### Project Title The physical properties of disordered structures influenced by accelerated

ions

Coordinator prof. Ing. Marian Kubliha, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2018

End Date 31/12/2020 Program VEGA

Annotation The project is aimed at the studying the influence of structure and physical

properties of special glasses and rubber compounds on accelerated ions. In the area of glasses based on chalkogenides and heavy metal oxides, the aim is to prepare materials with a locally enhanced dopant which is difficult to achieve by preparing using melt cooling method. From a technical point of view, there is mainly characterization of application interesting optical, luminescent and electrical properties. In the field of rubber compositions, objective is to characterize the irreversible changes of the structure (crosslinking, degradation) induced by accelerated ions. In terms of expertise, this is in particular a qualitative and quantitative characterization of changes in the structure and properties of irreversible chemical reactions.

## Project Title Physical properties of glasses designed for applications in infrared region of spectrum and memory devices

Coordinator prof. Ing. Marian Kubliha, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2017 End Date 31/12/2018 Program APVV

Annotation The proposed project aims to support co-operation between Slovak, Czech and

Serbian partners in the area of preparation of special glasses and investigation of their physical properties in view of their possible applications in infrared region of spectrum or as memory devices. From the scientific point of view the project will study the relationship between structural changes in glasses and their physical properties. These structural changes are usually manifested by the creation of new phases, that can be observed by various techniques. We will pursue particularly structural changes manifested in optical and electrical properties of investigated glasses. The project will contribute to the investigation of the nature of processes in non-crystalline structures by means selected experimental techniques such as transmission photoluminescence spectroscopy, dielectric (impedance) spectroscopy and thermo-kinetic analyses etc. The aim of the project is searching for correlations between physical properties of investigated glasses obtained experimentally and designing models for description of processes in non-crystalline structures.

#### Project Title Investigation of design and manufacturing methods for coils from round hightemperature superconducting conductor

Coordinator Dr. Ing. Marcela Pekarčíková

Start Date 01/07/2015 End Date 31/12/2018 Program APVV Annotation

Investigation of methods for design and manufacturing of superconducting magnet coils from high temperature superconducting tapes using an original conductor architecture and innovative cooling concept is in the core of the proposed project. Superconducting tapes, laid helicoidally on metallic tube with diameter between 3 and 8 mm, form the cable conductor that can be cooled by the flow of coolant (liquid nitrogen, He gas) through the tube. Thermal insulation of the coil wound from such conductor can be very simple from the low cost polyurethane foam without necessity of vacuum. Because the properties of superconductor depend on temperature, magnetic field and mechanical strain, optimization of the conductor architecture and of the manufacturing process requires extensive modelling aimed at solving mechanical, electromagnetic and mechanical problems. Essential properties of used materials will be determined by experiments employing specialized measurement techniques and structural investigation methods. Higher level of problem complexity is expected in the design and manufacturing of a coil utilizing the optimally designed conductor. Final test of the proposed concept will be carried out on the coil of 120 mm inner diameter hosting in 4 layers 80 turns of conductor able to carry at least 1000 A when cooled by a liquid nitrogen flow, with thermal insulation less than 20 mm thick.

#### Project Title Advancement of knowledge in area of advanced metallic materials by use of up-to-date theoretical, experimental, and technological procedures

Coordinator prof. Ing. Jozef Janovec, DrSc.

Start Date 01/07/2016 30/06/2020 End Date **APVV** 

Program

Annotation

The project is focused on the acceleration of progress in gaining knowledge about advanced metallic materials. In the related research the representative part of the Slovak scientific basis will be involved, namely the Slovak University of Technology (STU) in Bratislava, the Institute of Physics (IP) of the Slovak Academy of Sciences (SAS), and the Institute of Materials Research (IMR) of SAS. To fulfil project tasks, the top-level recently provided equipment will be used, available at the university scientific parks of STU located in Bratislava and Trnava as well as at the scientific centres of SAS located in Bratislava (IP) and Košice (IMR). The experimental research will be combined with calculations from first principles (IP SAS) and thermodynamic predictions (IMR SAS), both the procedures, which the involved researchers reached a world-wide acceptance in. From the thematic point of view, the project implies theoretic and experimental studies of advanced metallic materials mainly related to phase equilibria (new phase diagrams will be proposed and the existing will be refined on), characterization of crystal structures of un- and less-known complex phases, electrochemical and catalytic properties of surfaces, and innovations in production of thin layers, coatings, and ribbons. Expected results will be published in stages in relevant scientific journals, used by the involved researchers in educational process, and consulted eventually with industrial partners to consider the transfer of technological findings in praxis. All the involved institutions have a huge experience with the science promotion and are ready to exert it in the project.

Project title: Research of the coating/ substrate interphase modification to increase hard

coating adhesion

Coordinator: prof. Ing. Ľubomír Čaplovič, PhD.

Start date: 01/07/2016 End date: 30/06/2019

Programme: APVV

Annotation: In the last decade, hard coatings based on nitrides or carbonitrides of transition

metals play significant role in increasing the lifetime of the cutting and forming tools, but also in specific products of mobile devices. The main requirement for this type of material is high hardness and abrasion resistance. However, in the case of dynamic leading and frequent alternation of heat cycles, the adhesion of the coating to the substrate is the decisive factor. The object is just focused to this area with the main aim to find and optimize physical processes to enhance the adhesion ability of selected types of coatings and create a mathematical model that could describe the physical processes involved. The specific goal is to verify the influence of the initial state of the substrate surface prior to the coatings deposition both in terms of structural, thermal and deformation characteristics of the coatingsubstrate phase interface. Different methods for cleaning of substrates, surface exposition and deposition technologies will be utilized for these tasks. The techniques of plasma, magnetron and ion sputtering as well as cathodic arc evaporation will be mainly used. The experimental methods such as electron microscopy, X-ray diffraction analysis. Auger electron spectroscopy and optical emission spectroscopy as well as a special ion beam/ matter interaction based techniques (RBS, PIXE) will be utilized for the study and explanation of processes that could occur at the coating/ substrate phase interface. The method of FEM will be used for the clarification of effects of both internal and residual stresses to the coating/ substrate interface character. The output will be a comprehensive analysis of the influence of individual parameters of used processes on increasing of interface adhesion and drafting the proposals for their applications in the preparation of hard coatings with enhanced exploitative properties.

Project title: Research and develoment of advanced materials, processing and

automation technologies for direct manufacturing and application

Coordinator: doc. Ing. Martin Kusý, PhD.

Start date: 01/09/2011 End date: 31/08/2018 Programme: NV Bekaert SA Annotation:

The subject of the research will be Research of advanced materials, processing and automation technologies for direct manufacturing and application. The aim of the project is to bridge basic and applied research in the field of advanced materials with application and manufacturing leading to competitiveness and sustainable growth of both partners. A valuable and unique aspect of the research project is broad involvement of students of master and doctoral degree in up-to-date research activities.

Project title: Cost effective FCL using advanced superconducting tapes for future HVDC

grids

Coordinator: Ing. Dr. Marcela Pekarčíková

Start date: 01/01/2017 End date: 30/06/2020 Programme: H2020

Annotation: Sustainability of energy systems goes through high penetration of renewable

energy with huge volumes of electricity to transmit over long distances. The most advanced solution is the HVDC Supergrid. But fault currents remain an issue even if DC circuit breakers have emerged. These are not satisfying, whereas Superconducting Fault Current Limiters (SCFCLs) using REBCO tapes bring an attractive solution. SCFCLs have already proved their outstanding performances in MVAC systems, with a few commercial devices in service. However, present REBCO conductors cannot be readily used at very high voltages: the electrical field under current limitation is too low and leads to too long tapes and high cost. FASTGRID aims to improve and modify the REBCO conductor, in particular its shunt, in order to significantly enhance (2 to 3 times) the electric field and so the economical SCFCL attractiveness. A commercial tape will be upgraded to reach a higher critical current and enhanced homogeneity as compared to today's standards. For safer and better operation, the tape's normal zone propagation velocity will be increased by at least a factor of 10 using the patented current flow diverter concept. The shunt surface will also be functionalized to boost the thermal exchanges with coolant. This advanced conductor will be used in a smart DC SCFCL module (1 kA - 50 kV). This one will include new functionalities and will be designed as subelement of a real HVDC device. In parallel to this main line of work, developments will be carried out on a promising breakthrough path: ultra high electric field tapes based on sapphire substances. FASTGRID will bring this to the next levels of technology readiness.

#### PROJECTS OF THE INSTITUTE OF PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGIES

Project Title Research of new alloys for direct soldering of metallic and ceramic materials

Coordinator prof. Ing. Roman Koleňák, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2017 End Date 31/12/2019 Program VEGA

Annotation The project is oriented to fundamental research of new alloys for direct

soldering of metallic and ceramic materials. The research of soldering alloys Sn-Ti, Sn-La, and Sn-In is mainly concerned. The new soldering alloys will be prepared experimentally by alloying with small amounts of active elements (Ti, In, La and several other elements from the group of lanthanides). The solders will be designed with the aim to be applicable for direct soldering with utilisation of laser and power ultrasound technologies. The tests of technological solderability of ceramic and metallic materials will be performed by use of the new soldering alloys. The structural character of solders and soldered joints will be determined at different soldering conditions. Also the interactions of soldering alloys type Sn-Ti, Sn-La and Sn-In with the surface of ceramic materials will be studied. The individual mechanisms of joint formation from the viewpoint of its strength, formation speed, life etc. will be compared.

#### Project Title Establishing the patterns of the structure and properties formation in highspeed steels during melting and casting in vacuum

Coordinator prof. Ing. Alexander Čaus, DrSc.

Start Date 01/01/2015 End Date 31/12/2018 Program VEGA

Annotation With proper choice of an appropriate nomenclature the durability of cast

cutting tools (CCT) can be better than that of conventional tools. However, for successful application of CCT it is necessary to provide adequate impact toughness of cast high speed steel (HSS). From this point of view casting into metal moulds is more attractive because due to high rate of solidification this technology provides enhanced alloy density, fine-grained cast structure, consequently enhanced mechanical properties, primarily impact toughness.

Disadvantage is the low life of moulds when casting HSS.

## Project Title Research of laser surface texturing and its application in the sheet metal forming processes tribological conditions optimization

Coordinator prof. Ing. Peter Šugár, PhD.

 Start Date
 01/01/2015

 End Date 3
 31/12/2018

 Program
 VEGA

Annotation The project is aimed at the research of the laser texuring of metal spinning

tools. Two fields of interest are solved in this project. The goal is optimization of rolling friction conditions in the contact area spinning tool -- formed part with minimal quantity of lubricants and creation of assumptions for improvement of the spun part surface quality while reducing the intensity of tool wear and unwanted adhesion sticks formation.

Project Title Research of deformation processes using spatial reconstruction of

microstructure and shape of formed parts

Coordinator prof. Ing. Maroš Martinkovič, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2016 End Date 31/12/2019 Program VEGA

Annotation Final properties of forming metal parts are affected by production technological

processes. Due to forming not only shape of body is changing, but so as structure anisotropy is increased-- grain boundaries orientation in various places of piece. Research, development and application of stereology methods of statistic reconstruction of three-dimensional plastic deformed metal material structure in examining the dimensional changes forming body using industrial computed tomography and coordinate measuring machine. Utilization of this results to a detailedlead analysis of material structure changes, resulting properties and consequential technological processes optimization and knowing quantitative dependences "technological

parameters - microstructure -- properties".

Project Title The study of physocal and mechanical properties, mechanability and surface treatment of Ti and YTi composites prepared by powder metallurgy

Coordinator prof. Ing. Peter Šugár, PhD.

 Start Date
 01/01/2017

 End Date 3
 31/12/2019

 Program
 VEGA

Annotation I

In the years 2013 - 2015 has been optimized powder metallurgical technology of preparation of Ti samples with respect to the resulting mechanical properties of the material. The following low-temperature methods of densification were used: forging and direct hot extrusion. The acquired knowledge allowed us to develop, prepare and patent composite materials for biomedical applications Ti-Mg. Now, the technology makes it possible to prepare Ti composites which cannot be prepared by high temperature methods, since the embedded phase reacts with the Ti matrix. The goal of the project is the preparation of composites with not reacted embedded phase and research of their physical and mechanical properties. Consequently, it is necessary to examine machine ability and surface treatments of such materials for potential industrial applications. The resulting goal is to prepare Ti-based matrix composite lighter than Ti with improved surface properties.

Project Title The research of light alloys joining by progressive methods take into consideration of environmental suitability and quality tested by modern NDT methods

Coordinator doc. Ing. Erika Hodúlová, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2017 End Date 3 31/12/2020

Program VEGA

#### Annotation

The literature research based on the current state of the light alloys application, especially in biomedicine, aerospace and automotive industries are the project aims the basic research of oints creation from the light alloys by the advanced joining techniques in assurance of quality and environmental suitability. The research will focus on the joining of pure materials (Ti, Mg, Ni and Al), its alloy and its combination. The joints will be created by the beam technologies (laser and electron beam), diffusion bonding by using the reactive interlayers and the combination of environmentally friendly solders and reaction layers materials using for joining. The quality of the joints will be tested using the sophisticated destructive and non-destructive methods. Research will be focused on the control of technological parameters affecting the joining process stability and repeatability at the using of high speed joining velocity of joints free of defects.

#### Project Title The research of novel method for cutting edge preparation to increase the tool performance in machining of difficult-to-machine materials

Coordinator Ing. Tomáš Vopát, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2017 End Date 3 31/12/2020

**Program VEGA** 

Annotation

Cutting edge preparation is that the appropriate micro-geometry of the cutting edge is essential for achieving high productivity of the particular difficult-to machine and tough materials such as austenitic stainless steels and superalloys. It also suggests a larger deployment of superalloys in the coming years. The proposed project is focused on research into new methods for edge preparation and cutting edge: plasma polishing in an electrolyte (PPE). Comparing the tool life of cutting tools preparared by the same method with different radii of curvature of the cutting edge of the tool will be found suitable size to machining tough materials and dificult-to-machine. By applying these results in the production of instruments to extend their life, saving the cost of the tool during operation. Comparing the durability of cutting tools prepared by new method PPE with selected industrial methods with the same radius of

curvature of the cutting edge will be found applicability of test methods PPE.

#### Project Title Specialised laboratory supported by multimedia textbook for subject "Production systems design and operation" for STU Bratislava

Coordinator Dr. h. c. prof. Ing. Pavol Božek, CSc.

01/01/2018 Start Date 31/12/2020 **End Date** 

**Program** 

The project proposal submitted is oriented on creating a new laboratory Annotation supported by the multimedia university textbook for teaching a new subject "Production systems design and operation" in both written and interactive formats due to possible continuous complementation/ upgrade and

> improvement of specialised knowledge related to production systems as well as to their control systems at higher education. The support of improved, more

intensive and efficient perception of information from the printed textbook for the subject of "Production systems design and operation" (i.e. texts, figures, graphs, talk, animations, videos) is provided via multimedia allowing thus their showing in more versions. Videos supporting the written information will complement individual chapters and parts of the aforementioned higher education textbook. Multimedia possibilities as well as hypertext are the right tool for supporting specialised study information providing easy browsing in the book and user-friendly orientation within. The basic principles of selected process technology systems will be executed also via a specialised laboratory for the subject in question. The introduction to each chapter of this multimedia textbook will be complemented by key words both in Slovak and English languages. The conclusion of each chapter will be complemented by an interactive test.

## Project Title Development of a laboratory for the design and maintenance of production systems supported by the use of Virtual Reality

Coordinator doc. Ing. Peter Košťál, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2018 End Date 31/12/2020 Program KEGA

Annotation The presented project focuses on the topic "New Technologies, Methods and

Forms in Teaching" with a special focus on new methods and forms of education at universities and on the development of key cognitive operations, e.g.: knowledge, capacity, skills and habits to just cite a few. All this in the frame of the preparation of new educational programs in specialized laboratories. The main objective of the project is to introduce an innovative way of educating and preparing students and with this contribute to the formation of high-quality professionals who are competitive on the European labor market and Slovakia itself.

# Project Title Multimedia tools for teaching foundry technology and its content optimization in the countries of the Visegrad group

Coordinator doc. Ing. Štefan Podhorský, CSc.

Start Date 01/01/2018 End Date 31/12/2020 Program KEGA

Annotation Enable to optimize the content of subjects of foundry technology on the basis

of experiences acquired from teachers of the Visegrad group countries. The teaching tools will be proposed and created for more attractive learning and easier exchange trips of students between universities of Visegrad group countries. It will also prepare graduates of universities for job market in these countries. The optimized content of learning will enable students to acquire similar knowledge from area of foundry as graduates form any other countries of the Visegrad group.

**Project title** Research on welding of progressive light alloys by beam welding methods

Coordinator prof. Ing. Milan Marônek, CSc.

Start date 01/07/2016 31/12/2019 End date

**APVV** Programme:

Annotation: The major objective of the project is to bring a new knowledge in the field of

welding Ti and Al-Li alloys by laser and electron beam welding methods. These advanced alloys have perspective of their further exploitation also in other industrial areas, where weight reduction and corrosion resistance is required. Nowadays, beam welding methods are used in mass production even more frequently, because of their high productivity and minimal degradation effects on welded materials. However, the knowledge about beam welding of these alloys significantly absents. The weldability of Ti and Al-Li alloys, the structural analysis and the tests of mechanical properties will be investigated in particular stages of the project. Special focus will be devoted to find the correlation between the dominant technological parameters of the process and properties of performed weld joints. The modern technological equipment and advanced methods of weld joints analysis will be used. The research team has sufficient experience in this research field and adequate potential to accoplish defined objectives. The project has the ambition to push the knowledge boundaries of the welding process of selected Ti and Al-Li alloys by laser and electron beam welding.

Research of technological process of forming at production of tubes with **Project title** 

contoured internal surface

Coordinator prof. Ing. Maroš Martinkovič, PhD.

Start date 01/07/2016 End date 30/06/2020 Programme **APVV** 

Annotation It is necessary to pay close attention to the research of deformation processes

> regarding the production of seamless cold drawn tubes, whether precision tubes or tubes with contoured internal surface for industrial purposes. Rationalization of production requires to analyze state of stress and deformation at different methods of tube drawing (drawing on a cylindrical plug, drawing on a floating plug, drawing on a rod, drawing by die move without plug), with special attention to the question of possible development of finished products (precision tubes) by increasing the intensity of industrial moves (maximum reduction) as well as the feasibility of multistage drawing (i.e. incremental forming) without inter-annealing. Microstructural analysis will be used for plastic deformation of individual moves in the tube volume, the analysis of limit plasticity state, when drawing of tubes tends to increase the dislocation density up to its critical level, which represents immobility of dislocation, i.e. termination of the material deformability with subsequent damage (rupture) of material. Experimental processes will be numerically simulated in a virtual environment of DEFORM 3D program, numerical models

will be verified by comparison with experimental results of microstructural analysis and dimensional analysis using computer tomography, Consequently the research results will be verified in practice.

Project Title Research into the Unique Method for Treatment of Cutting Edge

Microgeometry by Plasma Discharges in Electrolyte to Increase the Tool Life

of Cutting Tools in Machining of Difficult-to-Machine Materials

Coordinator prof. Ing. Alexander Čaus, DrSc.

 Start date
 01/07/2017

 End Date
 30/06/2021

 Program
 APVV

Annotation The cutting edge preparation (CE) is currently the most advanced method of

increasing tool life. Cutting edge preparation in the production of cutting tools means treatment of microgeometry of cutting edge (cutting edges) of newly sharpened cutting tools. Suitable microgeometry of the cutting edge (fillet, chamfer) is essential for achieving high productivity machining mainly difficult-to-machine materials (DTM) such as austenitic stainless steels and superalloys. Therefore, the research deals with the machining of X6CrNiTi18-10 stainless steel and NiCr19FeNbMo superalloy. Machining superalloys disseminate knowledge in the energy and aerospace industries since it requires a greater commitment superalloys in future years. Our proposed project is focused on research into a completely new and own unique method of preparation of CE microgeometry of cutting tools by plasma discharge in an electrolyte (PVE). This method is developed originally at Faculty of Materials Science and Technology in Trnava, Slovak University of Technology in Bratislava (STU MTF).

## Project Title Research of direct bonding of the ceramic and metallic materials by use of active soldering alloys

Coordinator prof. Ing. Roman Koleňák, PhD.

Start date 01/07/2018 End Date 30/06/2022

Program APVV

Annotation The project deals with the study of direct bonding of ceramic and metallic

materials by application of active soldering alloys. The active alloys will be based on tin or indium and alloyed with active metal, as for example Ti, La, Zr, Y etc. It is supposed that the active element will react with the substrate surface during soldering process and will thus assure the wetting of solder on a ceramic or other hard-to-solder material. The project is based on idea of direct fluxless bonding. Heating will be provided by the high-concentrated heat sources as the laser and electron beam. Power ultrasound will be employed for activation of the new soldering alloys. Material solderability of the new developed solders will be studied. The following solderability criteria will be determined: diffusion wettability, spreadability, etc. Also interactions substrate/solder interface will be studied. Individual mechanisms of bond formation from the viewpoint of joint strength, speed of bond formation, life

etc. will be compared.

Project Title Research of electron beam complex generation designed to vacuum welding

of aluminum and magnesium alloys

Coordinator prof. Ing. Koloman Ulrich, PhD.

Start Date 01/07/2015 End Date 31/08/2018

Program STIMULY Req-00048-0005

Annotation The strategic objective of the industrial (applied) research and experimental

development project is an overall increase of technical parameters the critical modules of electron beam welding technology complexes comparable to world

level.

# PROJECTS OF THE INSTITUTE OF INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT

Project Title The Model of the implementation of controlling as a management tool

within medium enterprises in the engineering and electronics industries

Coordinator prof. Ing. Dušan Baran, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2016 End Date 31/12/2018 Program VEGA

Annotation The research project deals with the current and very important problems of the

research and application of advanced control methods in terms of economic sciences. The project analyses the current state of implementation of modern management methods in Slovakia and abroad, especially in the EU and the U.S., with a focus on medium-sized enterprises. The project assesses the internal and external conditions that implementation. Formulates the basis for the creation of scientific foundations subsystem and controlling instruments (subject, basic concepts, explanations and definitions examination). Based on this analysis project defines and develops the already used methods , tools , resources , forms , models and management techniques in the conditions of market economy . At the same time project proposes a unified model subsystem implementation and controlling instruments in the business community,

focusing on a group of medium-sized enterprises.

Project Title The impact of the coexistence of different generations of employees on the

sustainable performance of organisations

Coordinator prof. Ing. Miloš Čambál, CSc.

Start Date 01/01/2017 End Date 31/12/2019 Program VEGA

Annotation Essence of the presented scientific project is exploring impact of existence and

interactions of employees generations found in organizations, their and organization performance. At the end of the 2nd decade of 21st c. after arrival of generation Z on labour market'll be organizations comprised of 5 generations with vastly different characteristics. Interaction of these can act negatively on processes that occur in organizations. These processes've a significant impact on reduction of their performance and competitiveness. On the other hand, however, create potential for improving their performance. This's reason why project focused on identification and analysis of key aspects of different emploees generations and to assess impact on performance of employees and entire organization. The project goal's to examine potential positive interactions between various employees generations and use of potential to achieve sustainable performance of organisations in terms of multigenerational communities.

## Project Title System identification of complex preconditions for supporting innovation and employment in the less developed regions of Slovakia

Coordinator doc. Ing. Marek Jemala, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2017 End Date 31/12/2019 Program VEGA

Annotation This project of GOAL-ORIENTED BASIC RESEARCH has the main goal

systematically to identify more complex preconditions, general conditions, specifications, core processes, key issues and risks, but also the benefits and competencies necessary for the development of industrial innovation and the support for higher employment in less developed regions of Slovakia. With the orientation to more environmentally, socially and culturally sustainable ways of manufacturing and doing business. This research will be mainly based on verification and possible improvement of the management and innovation assessment methodology of the University of Cambridge as well as the innovation assessment methodology already applied in Lower Austria (I-AM Lower Austria). The focus of this research will be mainly on systemic analysis, comparison, assessment and categorization of research, innovation, technology, manufacturing, human, financial and associated institutional processes, their determinants in the surveyed companies/regions.

### Project Title Proposal of the combination and recombination methodology for the work comfort index in mechanical engineering industrial plants

Coordinator doc. Ing. Alena Paulíková, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2018 End Date 31/12/2020 Program VEGA

Annotation In engineering operations, the assessment of workload in most cases is still

discretionary. Assessment usually takes place without determining the

interdependence of the effects of individual factors on the body of the exposed worker during his / her work. The presented project is aimed at designing a procedure for expressing the synergic effect of occupational comfort factors, which would allow their mutual combination and recombination by type of operation and age category. The aim of the project is to define the "work comfort index" as a comprehensive indicator of the effects of monitored and measured factors of the working environment in engineering operations. The Work Comfort Index allows individual workload adjustment and work environment for employees in engineering operations to ensure their stable performance with the highest possible safety and health protection.

### Project Title Big data analytics as a tool for increasing the competitiveness of enterprises and supporting informed decisions.

Coordinator doc. Ing. Helena Makyšová, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2018 End Date 31/12/2020 Program VEGA

Annotation The key to the effective use of information is the design of a suitable model of

their exploitation defining all activities, also covering the creation of predictive models as a source of informed decisions at the management or process level. Choosing the right data mining method is currently a problem because there is not a comprehensive concept describing the causal relationship (if any) between the problem structure and the properties of the method. Up to now, the cases outlined in the literature are so- called Ad-hoc solutions. Therefore, the presented research project would like to examine the existence of causality between the characteristics of the data sets and the usability of the available methods, to formalize the acquired knowledge and thus to create the preconditions for their digitization. The proposed solution will be experimentally verified in the field of logistics. By using the results of the research, it will be possible to achieve a competitive advantage for businesses that use them.

# Project Title E-platform for Improving Collaboration among Universities and Industrial Enterprises in the Area of Education

Coordinator doc. Mgr. Dagmar Cagáňová, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2018 End Date 31/12/2019 Program KEGA

Annotation The aim of the project is to design and implement a portal solution based on

Internet services, which will allow to improve the connection between education process at universities and the requirements of industrial practice. This connection can be made at several levels such as assignment and management of final and technical thesis topics, project preparation within and across subjects, internships, practice or field trips. At the moment the communication between industry and universities in these areas is conducted

by two parallel two-way information channels, between university and industry and also students and industry. The current academic information systems used at STU in Bratislava, Technical University in Zvolen, Slovak agricultural University in Nitra, Pan European University in Bratislava and Constantine the Philosopher University in Nitra, developed at Mendel University in Brno, does not allow direct communication between the university - industry - students . In addition to limited communication the AIS does not contain modules to support the proposal process and control of final thesis topics (as the same topics can only be addressed with a minimum interval of three years), into which all three subjects would directly enter. Linking public portal with the existing AIS would contribute to simplifying and improving administrative processes, enhancing the theses to be of higher quality and up to date, simplifying originality check process, proposing and executing of topics directly linked to business practice, the choice of student by an enterprise on the basis of his/her study results and recommendations, which will ultimately have a positive impact on the graduates success. An indirect benefit of the project will be the reduction of information inequality between businesses and universities.

## Project Title Cultural Opening- diversity and intercultural competences in the context of the refugee crisis

Coordinator doc. Mgr. Dagmar Cagáňová, PhD.

Start Date 01/07/2017 End Date 01/07/2019

Program BMBF Funds - Bundesministerium fur Bildung und Forschung

Annotation A multilateral collaboration between Germany, the Czech Republic, Latvia,

Serbia, Hungary and Slovakia aims at drafting a mutual Horizon 2020 proposal as well as intensifying the collaboration between the European partners named above to build a network for mutual research and knowledge transfer. A long-term and if possible permanent collaboration for the H2020 project and probably other follow-up projects as well as knowledge transfer for science and society are to be pursued. The network focusses on the strengthening of internationalisation, Europe-orientation, and competitiveness of institutions in research and education and furthering an innovation union.

#### Project Title Automotive JUNIOR academy

Coordinator doc. Mgr. Dagmar Cagáňová, PhD.

Start Date 23/06/2016 End Date 15/11/2019

Program Iný domáci - vzdelávací

Annotation AJA was created as a joint project of the Automotive Industry Association of

Slovakia, Volkswagen Slovakia, PSa Groupe Slovakia, Kia Motors Slovakia and slovak universities, Žilina University in Žilina, STU Faculty of Mechanicla Engineering in Bratislava and STU Faculty of Materials Science and Technology in Trnava. AJA is a summer thematic academy organized in Trnava, Žilina and

Bratislava and is intended for children of the 7th and 8thgrades of elementary schools of for students of tercia, resp. quarta at eight-year grammar schools.

Project Title Learning in Teaching "Basics of Industrial Engineering"

Coordinator doc. Ing. Marta Kučerová, PhD.

Start Date 15/01/2018 End Date 30/11/2018

Program Nadácia Tatrabanka

Annotation The project is aimed at improving the teaching of the subject "Basics of

Industrial Engineering" by introducing new knowledge and innovative forms and procedures into the pedagogical process. The project follows whole-society activities aimed at adapting the higher education to the needs of practice and the real needs of the labour market and the requirements of the knowledge society with an emphasis on the education of technical university students and

perspective study programs.

#### PROJECTS OF THE INSTITUTE OF INTEGRATED SAFETY

Project Title Fire safe insulation systems based on natural materials

Coordinator doc. Ing. Jozef Martinka, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2016 End Date 31/12/2018 Program VEGA

Annotation The size of a fire is directly proportional to the time elapsed from ignition and

conditions of fire development. One of the conditions, increasing fire development, is the presence of combustibles which are prone to ignition and support flame spread and heat release. These include also natural materials which are currently being used increasingly as environmental-friendly thermal insulation in timber frame buildings, but also in traditional construction. The behaviour of these materials in fire is not well defined since they are novel without a history of use. Further aspect of these materials is the fact that they are usually used in combination with other materials, which affects the overall development of fire and may cause difficulties in fire-fighting operations. One of the possible solutions is to rate the fire resistance of the whole panel as

required by the standards.

Project Title Creation of high schoolbooks for study programmes Fire protection and

safety and Integrated safety

Coordinator prof. Ing. Karol Balog, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2016 End Date 31/12/2018 Program KEGA

#### Annotation

The common creation of multimedia university schoolbook by teachers from the universities providing education in related study branches rescue services and labour safety will provide the education enhancement of high-school educated experts. The integration of basic knowledge improves the graduates implementation in praxis and at the same time maintains the diversified profiles of graduates, their specific knowledge and abilities. The university schoolbook multimedia content and the publication of elaborated lectures of the selected subjects and videopresentations of laboratory exercises on the internet pages of the both universities will allow students to manage effectively the study with their individual possibilities in accordance with the principles of the credit system. The university schoolbook will be consist of the key themes of study programmes core subjects. Its selected themes parts will be questions and problems of final exams at the both universities. The project outputs multimedia processing will be suitable mainly as a study materials for the combined and distance study method in the external study programmes and also as an innovative study material for the experts from praxis and nonacademic sphere. The selected lectures presentations published in English language will be helpful for students from abroad.

#### Project Title Educational Centre for Integrated Safety

Coordinator doc. Ing. Jozef Martinka, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2017 End Date 31/12/2019 Program **KEGA** 

Annotation The aim of the project is the creation of a joint workspace of three Slovak

> universities devoted to lifelong learning of experts in the field of integrated safety. The main benefit of the project is to facilitate the application of fresh

university graduates in the labor market.

#### Project Title Worldwide unique progressive methods of testing electrical cables for the

needs of conformity assessment and verification of the constancy of their

parameters as construction products

Coordinator doc. Ing. Jozef Martinka, PhD.

Start Date 01/07/2017 End Date 30/06/2021 **APVV Program** 

Annotation For most electrical cables within the meaning of Annex V to the Directive of

European Parliament and the Council no. 305/2011 on the assessment and verification of constancy of parameters is used system 1+. On 01/07/2017, ends the transitional period and the assessment and verification of constancy of parameters of most electrical cables in the European Union will be carried out only in accordance with EN 50575: 2014. For manufacturers, this will mean the obligation of performing tests of power, control and communication cables for general use in accredited testing laboratories at yearly intervals. Costs for annual testing for one type of cable are in the order of thousands of euros. At a range of several hundred kinds of cables - power, control and communication cables of different diameters, different rated voltage and current load will this obligation mean a heavy financial burden on the production of cables. In the Slovak Republic, production and distribution of electrical cables directly and indirectly employs thousands of workers and represents a significant contribution to GDP. Despite this fact exhibit Slovak cable manufacturer in comparison to the other producers in Europe, but also US and China, low volume of production. For that reason, the costs on annual tests will more significantly share in the price of products. These may significantly jeopardize the competitiveness of Slovak producers in the European Union markets. Even producers in the European Union have in comparison with producers from the US and China low volume of production. Consequences of that fact, and their costs significantly reflected in the price of the product will also threatens their competitiveness. The solution is to develop new innovative tests that will maintain current safety requirements and substantially reduce the cost of testing. The project aims to develop tests satisfying the above conditions.

# PROJECTS OF THE INSTITUTE OF APPLIED INFORMATICS, AUTOMATION AND MECHATRONICS

Project Title Holistic approach of knowledge discovery from production data in

compliance with Industry 4.0 concept

Coordinator prof. Ing. Pavol Tanuška, PhD.

Start Date 01/07/2018 End Date 31/12/2021 Program VEGA

Annotation The main project goal is creation of a holistic approach of knowledge discovery

from production data of heterogeneous control systems in compliance with Industry 4.0 concept. This includes Big Data, Internet of Things, smart sensors, forecasting and decision support methods and tools. The main topic will be proposal of analytic platform to collect, process and analyse big structured and unstructured data sets, utilising Hadoop and NoSQL technologies, for complex process control in production companies. Proposed analytic platform (utilising statistical and inductive learning techniques, e.g. neural networks, fuzzy modeling, decision trees, cluster analysis, etc.) will provide possibilities for gaining new, potentially useful knowledge from data. Subsequently, control strategies will be developed from the gained knowledge using synthesis. Results can be implemented in real-time predictive maintenance and optimization of relevant control paramet.

Project Title Using the methods of multi-objective optimization in production processes control

Coordinator prof. Ing. Pavel Važan, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2018 End Date 31/12/2020 Program VEGA

Annotation The intention of the project is an exploration of using methods of multi-

objective optimization and simulation optimization applied to specific types of production systems. The research will be aimed to the comparison of these methods by the efficiency for acquiring the Pareto set containing the optimal solutions necessary for the production control. The obtained information will be using for the creation of the base of knowledge designated to the qualified support decision in the area of specified production system control problems. The Industry 4.0 strategy supposes the virtual reality and so-called exponential technologies using next to others, where the multi-objective optimization problems belong to. The production process control demands the decisions based on the contradictory goal criteria. It is easier to search the optimal system settings using virtual simulation model of the production system and then to apply them to the real system. The multi-objective simulation optimization could be the answer.

## Project Title Design, analysis and optimization of processes of metallurgical joining for progressive materials using numerical simulation

Coordinator doc. RNDR. Mária Behúlová, CSc.

Start Date 01/01/2016 End Date 31/12/2019 Program VEGA

Annotation The project is focused on the design, numerical simulation, experimental

verification and scientific explanation of the possibilities of joining the advanced light alloys based on Al, Mg, Ti, as well as new generations of high strength steels and their combinations including the formation of weld joints of these materials with composites/plastics. The preparation of sound welds is supposed using concentrated energy sources, welding methods in solid state, special, modified and hybrid welding methods, soldering and mechanical

joining.

# Project Title Modernization of the Automatic Control Hardware course by applying the concept Industry 4.0

Coordinator Ing. Bohuslava Juhásová, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2016 End Date 31/12/2018 Program KEGA

Annotation The project is focused on the implementation and the use of the Industry 4.0

concept to modernize the syllabus of the course Automatic Control Hardware. A versatile, robust system will be developed Aplikácia konceptu Industry 4.0 v rámci modernizácie predmetu Technické prostriedky automatizovaného riadenia. 3/17 Identifikátor: 20150426231004610 within the project using the

latest trends in automation and information technology. The use of the technological concept of the Cyber-Physical System will enable to improve not only the teaching of the subject Automatic Control Hardware, but also other subjects. The developed system could be used in teaching other subjects thanks to the database, which could be possibly complemented by a variety of relevant learning materials. The system will serve to students as well as teachers during the course itself, but also for home self-study. The system will be designed to support the teacher during the course as much as possible and to teach the students independence and analytical thinking. Another objective of the project is to introduce and teach the students and teachers to use the modern technologies by integrating them into the educational process.

# Project Title The innovation of the subject Intelligent Control Methods at the Faculty of Materials Science and Technology of Slovak University of Technology

Coordinator doc. Ing. Peter Schreiber, CSc.

Start Date 01/01/2018 End Date 31/12/2020 Program KEGA

Annotation

The project is oriented into the innovation of a subject Intelligent Control Methods (ICM)at the Faculty of Materials Science and Technology of Slovak University of Technology. It is interdisciplinar: it applies intelligent methods into control as well as in the (bio)signals processing. The workplace of applicants owns laboratories with very good technical equipment (controllers, PLCs, different objects of control like production lines, robots, robotized workplaces, segway, ball and plate apparatus, car and helicopter models, helmet for EEG scanning etc.). The relevant software for data acquisition and processing, control and communication in all levels is available too. The laboratories were built as a result of the "University Research Park" project and they are used for research and teaching in the field of traditional control and automation. The goal of the submitted project is to implement intelligent methods and approaches (fuzzy control, optimization by genetic algorithms, identification by neural networks etc.) in more workplaces in those laboratories. New laboratory exercises will be developed and new manuals will be prepared. The subject ICM will be completely innovated. The outputs of the project will be: the innovated subject, new exercises with manuals for more controlled systems, one dissertation and several diploma and bachelor thesis, seminar and projects (1 national, 1 international) submitted with foreign (German) partner.

### Project Title Extension of the laboratory of mechatronic systems and creation of new

study supports

Coordinator Ing. Rastislav Ďuriš, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2018 End Date 31/12/2020 Program KEGA Annotation

The ultimate aim of the proposed project is to extend substantialy the present equipment of the "Laboratory of Mechatronical Systems, experimental and diagnostic methods" by educational, testing and measuring facilities to support the education in subjects such as Mechatronical Systems, Modelling of Mechatronical Systems and Mechanics of Machines and Aggregates supposed to be included in new study program under the accreditation process. The Laboratory is expected to support the teaching of subjects the course of Experimental Methods and Technical Diagnostics. Improved state of art of the Laboratory should enable to develop the theoretical as well as the practical skills of students in the area of Mechatronics being influenced by innovative educational processes using CAE Technologies, Virtual Instrumentation and Elearning.

#### Project Title V4+ Academic Research Consortium integrating databases, robotics and

languages technologie

Coordinator Ing. Štefan Svetský, PhD.

Start Date 01/06/2018 End Date 30/09/2019

Program International Visegrad Fund - Strategic grants

Annotation

The proposed sustainable V4+ Academic Research Consortium will tackle regional problems related to EU ICT research priorities in several issues: Partner search for Horizon 2020, building of the digital platforms of the future, language barriers, technology-enhanced learning, scientific cultural heritage, know-how exchange (there is ca 30 ICT calls for Horizon 2018-2020). The focus will be on networking of the V4+ partners in order to integrate their research expertize, perform Partner search and benchmark these issues by using the virtual technological platform. Horizon 2020 covers these strategic priorities and has a specific funding instrument available for bridging research teams: Coordination and Support Actions, including Partner search projects. Such support does not exist in Slovakia, even with institutional academic grants. This is barrier for participation of researchers in Horizon or for acting in V4 regional cooperation for competitiveness and connectivity. It is important that V4 grants enable such support. Solving the above mentioned issues requires joined research expertizes with in EU consortia. So to create compatible V4 consortia for preparing research subjects for Horizon is strategic, also due to the bad situation regarding under-use of EU competitive research funds in all V4+ countries. The idea of Educational Virtual Robot http://www.ideal-ist.eu/ps-sk-99947 started collaboration of partners. They found that by joining their expertizes (databases, robotics and languages technologies) they could participated in Horizon as V4+ Consortium.

Project Title Searching for physical sources of the fast stochastic oscillations in

accreating systems

Coordinator Mgr. Andrej Dobrotka, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2016 End Date 31/12/2018

Program VEGA Annotation The go

The goal of the project is the study of the fast stochastic oscillations generated by turbulent accretion in cosmic objects, where the main driving mechanism is the accretion through a disc. This stochastic flickering usually does not originate only from a single source, hence the light curve is a superposition of more signals. Individual components can be identified by detailed study of the periodogram. For analysis of such complicated periodograms data with high cadence on long time-base are required. Ideal instrument satisfying such demands is the Kepler spacecraft. Its one-minute cadence on time-base over hundreds of days is a unique opportunity for our study. Together with our flickering simulating model based on turbulent accretion process we want to identify individual parts of the complicated periodograms calculated from Kepler telescope data, to localize their source and bring a complex model of accretion in some types of cosmic objects.

### Project Title High energy heavy ion-beam annealing of ion implantation synthesized silicon carbide

Coordinator Ing. Jozef Dobrovodský, CSc.

Start Date 01/01/2016 End Date 31/12/2018 Program VEGA

Annotation SiC is a promising material for a wide range of applications from semiconductor

industry to e.g. in fuel elements of next generation nuclear power plants' reactors. The most recent method for SiC synthesis is based on carbon implantation into silicon substrate followed by High Energy Heavy-Ion-Beam Annealing (HE HIBA) is currently under development. Advantages of HE HIBA annealing are significantly lower temperature requirements, possibility of localized synthesis and short time of treatment, among other things. Synthesized silicon carbide will be analysed and characterized by Rutherford backscattering spectrometry (RBS), Resonant Nuclear Reaction Analysis (RNRA), X-ray diffraction (XRD) and transmission electron microscopy (TEM). Particularly the new experimental facility at MTF STU Trnava equipped with a 500 kV ion implanter and 6 MV tandem accelerator will be utilized. Relation between the main parameters of synthesis processes and of the resulting SiC

layers will be studied.

Project Title Design of Al-TM alloys for on-board hydrogen production

Coordinator RNDr. Martin Šulka, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2015 End Date 31/12/2018 Program **VEGA** 

Annotation The project is aimed on design of Al-TM metal aluminum alloys for on-board

hydrogen production by hydrolysis, TM being Co, Ni, Pd, Rh. The goal of the

theoretical part is to study the impact of chemical composition on

electrochemical stability of aluminum alloys. By periodic DFT we will investigate the influence of chemical composition on electrode potential shift in alloys relative to pure aluminum. We will also examine the segregation of the given element, composition influence on adsorption energies of water and trends in

electrochemical

stability of alloy surface after the adsorption of water. Within the experimental part we will investigate the correlation between the chemical composition and microstructure of alloys, the influence of preparation conditions and cooling speed on phase composition. Further, we will study the corrosion activity of alloys with emphasis on rapid hydrogen production. Influence of electrolyte type will be evaluated and mechanisms of corrosion will be described.

#### Project Title Physical properties of confined systems

Coordinator RNDr. Andrej Antušek, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2016 31/12/2018 End Date **Program** VEGA

Annotation An artificial confinement potential is used to model effects of chemical

> environment of viarious systems. It is widely used for modeling physical phenomena such as in-crystal polarizabilities, electronic structure of quantum dots, high-pressure effects on atoms and molecules and the systems included into nanosized cavities etc.. In our project we will focus on particular problems namely: ab initio calculations of cationic in-crystal polarizabilities, cavity embedded molecules and NMR and hyperfine propeties of semiconductor

quantum dots.

### Project Title Time of Flight (ToF) system for Elastic Recoil Detection Analysis (ERDA)

based on digital nuclear electronics

Coordinator doc. Ing. Maximilián Strémy, PhD.

Start Date 01/01/2018 **End Date** 31/12/2020 **Program VEGA** 

The ToF ERDA (Time-of-Flight Elastic Recoil Detection Analysis) system will be Annotation

implemented using the latest digital electronics modules. Extension of the experimental and analytical base of the 6 MV tandem ion accelerator by HE (high energy - tens MeV) HI (heavy ion) ERDA. Determination of the depth concentration profiles of all elements of samples, from hydrogen to atoms with atomic mass of primary ions. The aim of the project is to design and implement the ToF system for the 3D measurement (mass / energy / yield) using the digital nuclear electronics based on high-speed (up to GigaSample/s) digitizers (FPGA).

Tof ERDA solution will be implemented as a real-time control system evaluated as a safety-critical process.

Project title Noncovalent interactions in systems of increasing complexity

Coordinator RNDr. Andrej Antušek, PhD.

Start date 01/07/2016 End date 30/06/2020 Programme APVV

Annotation A common idea of this project is providing benchmark wavefunction data

(mostly CCSD(T)) that would support DFT predictions of energetics and properties of gradually complex systems. Noncovalent interactions will be

analysed, contributions

many-body terms to the non additivity will be evaluated. As a prototype, beryllium clusters will be studied, binding energies per atom of Be\_n up to the solid state will be of interest. The focus will be on interactions of biologically relevant amino acid clusters extracted from protein structures in the Protein Data Bank, their geometry and stability. Another class of molecules considered are metal-ligand complexes, including heavy metals. The main goal is to understand the bonding mechanism in context of their size, from small complexes to nanoclusters. Relativistic effects provide one of instruments for this analysis as well as for the analysis of iodine containing species relevant to coolant system of the nuclear reactor and in 12 complexes with antithyroid drugs. Many-body dispersion interactions will be treated using DFT in connection with layered materials and molecular crystals, their structure, elastic and thermal properties and adsorption. The alteration of properties of solute molecules in solvents, is another consequence of intermolecular interactions. This will be considered in relativistic calculations of NMR shielding constants. We combine wavefunction and DFT methods having in mind controlled accuracy. Large systems are treated using DFT, but selection of functionals is supported by extensive benchmarks on model systems. This will be achieved by further extension of efficiency of the wavefunction methods towards treating model systems closer to large molecules of interest. Important part of the project is the development of relativistic methods as well as improvement of methods for dispersion treatment within DFT. All methodological achievements will be implemented in computer programs MOLCAS, DIRAC and VASP.

### Project title C-Au chemical bond in gold ion implanted polyethylene: DFT modeling and experiment

RNDr. Andrej Antušek, PhD.

Start date 01/01/2017 End date 31/03/2018 Programme APVV

Coordinator

Annotation The project is aimed on the theoretical and experimental study of possible C-

Au bond creation in gold ion implanted polyethylene. The stability of

polyethylene chains with partly Au substituted hydrogen is already confirmed by our preliminary results (theoretical group at ATRI MTF STU). IR spectra of various gold substituted PE chains will be modeled using DFT trying to explain and interpret experimental IR results for gold implanted polyethylene samples prepared in INS Vinca, Serbia. The main chemical and physical properties of the polymers will be predicted by computational chemistry methods.

#### Project title Predictive modelling of new finctional materials for technological

applications

Coordinator doc. Ing. Maximilián Strémy, PhD.

Start date 01/04/2018 End date 01/04/2018 Programme Schéma Návraty

Annotation The project focuses on search for novel materials for innovative technologies

by means of atomic-scale computational modelling. We will gain new insights into fictionalization of transition metals in form of new inorganic compounds and their attractive solid-state phases. The computational approach will be based on learning algorithms combined with quantum-mechanical Density Functional Theory methods. The project will be realized in two stages. In the first stage, new systems with transition metals will be mapped and their crystal structures characterized. In the second stage, we will shift our attention to physico-chemical properties with the aim to functionalize the new systems for applications in electronics and spintronics.